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Special Committee on the Situation With regard to the Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples

Caribbean Regional Seminar
on the implementation of the Third International Decade
for the Eradication of Colonialism: the United Nations at 70: taking stock of the
decolonization agenda

Managua, Nicaragua 19 – 21 May, 2015

**Draft Report** 

# I. Organization of the seminar

- 1. The seminar was held in Managua, Nicaragua, from 19 to 21 May, 2015. It held five meetings, in which the representatives of States Members of the United Nations, Non-Self-Governing Territories (NSGTs), two administering Power and non-governmental organizations, as well as experts took part (see appendix I). The seminar was organized in such a way as to encourage an open and frank exchange of views.
- 2. The seminar was conducted by Xavier Lasso Mendoza, Permanent Representative of Ecuador to the United Nations and Chair of the Special Committee, with the participation of the following members of the Committee: Chile, China, Cuba, Ecuador, Ethiopia, Indonesia, Islamic Republic of Iran, Nicaragua, Papua New Guinea, Russian Federation, Syrian Arab Republic and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of). Two administering powers (France and the United Kingdom) participated as observers. Other Member States participating as observers were Algeria, Argentina, Australia, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Mexico, Morocco and Spain. Also represented at the seminar was one Fund and Programme (United Nations Development Programme) and one United Nations regional Commission (Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean).
- 3. At the 1st meeting, on 19 May 2015, the Chairman appointed Jaime Hermida (Nicaragua) and Alexander Volgarev (Russian Federation) as Vice-Chairs of the seminar, with Jose Antonio Cousiño(Chile), appointed Rapporteur, in accordance with rule 2 of the rules of procedure of the seminar. The Chair also established an informal drafting Group and appointed the Rapporteur as its facilitator.
- 4. The agenda of the seminar was as follows:
- 1. The role of the Special Committee, the administering Powers and territorial Governments and other concerned Member States and stakeholders in the decolonization of the Non-Self-Governing Territories within the framework of the Third International Decade for the Eradication of Colonialism:
  - (a) Principles established by the General Assembly for the conduct of free and genuine decolonization processes, on a case-by-case basis, consistent with United Nations principles and practices;
  - (b) How to enable the peoples of Non-Self-Governing Territories, on a case-by-case basis, to decide their future political status with complete knowledge and awareness of the full range of political options available to them, including independence;
  - (c) How to ensure, on a case-by-case basis, that all political exercises relating to decolonization processes are carried out in an atmosphere free from intimidation and outside interference and allow for the open expression of the interests and aspirations of the peoples of the remaining Non-Self-Governing Territories;
  - (d) How to ensure, on a case-by-case basis, that all decolonization processes are preceded by adequate and unbiased campaigns of political education.

- 2. Perspectives of the Special Committee, the administering Powers and territorial Governments and other concerned Member States and stakeholders, as well as views of experts and civil society:
  - (a) In the Non-Self-Governing Territories of the Caribbean region;
  - b) In the Non-Self-Governing Territories of the Pacific region;
  - (c) In the Non-Self-Governing Territories of other regions.
- 3. The role of the United Nations system in providing developmental assistance to Non-Self-Governing Territories in accordance with all relevant United Nations resolutions
  - (a) Presentation by the United Nations
- 4. The United Nations at 70: taking stock of the decolonization agenda: recommendations on advancing the decolonization process.

### II. Proceedings of the seminar

#### A. Opening of the seminar

- 5. On 19 May 2015, Xavier Lasso Mendoza (Ecuador) opened the seminar in his capacity as the Chairman of the Special Committee and acknowledged the annual Week of Solidarity with the Peoples of Non-Self-Governing Territories.
- 6. Also at the opening segment, Padre Miguel D'Escoto, former President of the United Nations General Assembly at its 63<sup>rd</sup> session and Adviser on Foreign Policy to the President of the Republic of Nicaragua, Daniel Ortega Saavedra, delivered a welcome address applauding the work of the Special Committee and urging it to redouble efforts towards realizing the goal of eradicating colonialism, which he observed had stagnated.
- 7. The Chief of the Decolonization Unit, United Nations Department of Political Affairs, read out a message from the Secretary-General (see appendix II), underlining the remarkable progress made in the past 70 years in efforts to advance the decolonization agenda, and highlighting in particular that over 80 nations that were once colonized were currently among sovereign Member States of the United Nations. He encouraged the Special Committee and seminar participants to build on that track record towards the complete eradication of colonialism by the year 2020, the end date of the Third International Decade for the Eradication of Colonialism, declared in General Assembly resolution 65/119 of 10 December 2010.
- 8. Also at the same meeting, the Chairman made a further statement highlighting the task ahead for the Special Committee.

## B. Statements and discussions<sup>1</sup>

9. At the 1st meeting, on 19 May, the seminar heard a presentation by one expert, Sergei Cherniavsky (Ukraine), on the role of the Special Committee and other

All statements and discussion papers of the seminar are available on the United Nations decolonization website, <a href="http://www.un.org/en/decolonization/index.shtml">http://www.un.org/en/decolonization/index.shtml</a>.

stakeholders, within the context of the broad theme of the seminar. Related comments and statements were made by the representatives of the Islamic Republic of Iran, Nicaragua, Cuba, the Russian Federation, the Syrian Arab Republic, China, Indonesia, Ethiopia, Morocco, Algeria and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of). Statements were also made by one expert and the representatives of Frente Popular para la Liberación de Saguía el-Hamra y de Río de Oro (Frente Polisario, who occupied the seat for Western Sahara) and New Caledonia.

- 10. At the 2<sup>nd</sup> meeting, on 19 May, the seminar reviewed the status of the NSGTs in the Caribbean region, from the perspective of their representatives and within the context of the seminar theme and heard a related statement by Conrad Howell (Turks and Caicos). Statements were also made and by the representatives of the Islamic Republic of Iran, Ecuador, Argentina, Cuba, and Chile. The seminar also heard statements from four experts.
- 11. Also at the 2<sup>nd</sup> meeting, the seminar considered the status of the NSGTs in the Pacific region, from the perspective of their representatives and within the context of the seminar theme. Statements were made by Talauega Eleasalo Ale (American Samoa), Edward A. Alvarez (Guam) and Jean-Louis D'Anglebermes (New Caledonia), following which the seminar heard comments and statements by the representatives of Papua New Guinea, France, Indonesia, and Cuba. A further statement was made by the representative of Guam, and by one expert.
- 12. At the same meeting, the seminar heard the views of independent experts regarding the situation of NSGTs in the Caribbean region. Related presentations were made by three experts: Peter Klegg (United Kingdom), Daniel Manfred Malcolm (Turks and Caicos) and Wilma Reveron-Collazo (Puerto Rico).
- 13. At the 3<sup>rd</sup> meeting, on 20 May, the seminar heard statements and comments on the situation of the NSGTs in the Caribbean region, made by the representatives of the Islamic Republic of Iran, Ecuador, Cuba, Nicaragua, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of), Argentina, Russian Federation, Syrian Arab Republic and China. Statements were also made by the representatives of Saint Helena and Turks and Caicos, and by two experts.
- 14. Also at 3<sup>rd</sup> meeting, the seminar addressed the status of NSGTs in the Pacific region from the viewpoint of independent experts and heard presentations from four such experts in attendance: Michael Lujan Bevacqua (Guam), Edward Paul Wolfers (Australia), Roch Wamytan (New Caledonia) and Michael Forrest (New Caledonia). Thereafter the seminar heard related statements and comments by the representatives of Papua New Guinea, Indonesia, Cuba, Syrian Arab Republic, Algeria, Nicaragua and China.
- 15. At the 4<sup>th</sup> meeting, on 20 May, the seminar heard statements by five experts, also regarding the situation of NSGTs in the Pacific region, following which it addressed the status of other NSGTs in other regions, beginning with a presentation by Phyllis Rendell (Falkland Islands/Malvinas)<sup>2</sup>. Thereafter, the seminar heard statements by El Salvador, Venezuela and Argentina. Statements was also made by Phyllis Rendall and by one expert.
- 16. Further at the 4th meeting, the seminar heard presentations on three other NSGTs in other regions, delivered by Joseph Bossano (Gibraltar), Mohamed Yeslem Beisat Deich (Frente Polisario who occupied the seat for Western Sahara) and Pamela

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>] A dispute exists between the Governments of Argentina and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland concerning sovereignty over the Falklands Islands (Malvinas).

Ward Pearce (Saint Helena). Related statements were made by the representatives of Spain, Morocco, Algeria, Cuba, Ecuador, Nicaragua, Syrian Arab Republic, Russian Federation, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of), Chile, Guatemala, Ethiopia, China, Papua New Guinea and Argentina. Further statements were made by Joseph Bossano (Gibraltar) and Mohamed Yeslem Beisat Deich (the representative of Frente Polisario who occupied the seat for Western Sahara).

- 17. At the 5th meeting, on 21 May, the members of the Committee present at the seminar held informal consultation on the draft conclusions and recommendations of the seminar. Thereafter, the seminar resumed and heard a presentation on the role of the United Nations system in providing assistance to Non-Self-Governing Territories, delivered by Dale Alexander from the subregional office of the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC) in Trinidad and Tobago.
- 18. At the same meeting, the seminar heard a presentation by one expert, Sergei Cherniavsky (Ukraine), on recommendations, within the context of the seminar theme.

#### C. Closing of the seminar

- 19. Also at the 5th meeting, on 21 May, the Rapporteur presented the draft report of the seminar.
- 20. At the same meeting, the participants adopted by acclamation a draft resolution expressing appreciation to the Government and the people of Nicaragua (see appendix III).
- 21. Also at the same meeting, closing remarks were made by the Permanent Representative of Nicaragua to the United Nations, Maria Rubiales de Chamoro, and by Padre Miguel D'Escoto, former President of the United Nations General Assembly at its 63<sup>rd</sup> session and Adviser on Foreign Policy to the President of the Republic of Nicaragua, Daniel Ortega Saavedra. The Chairman of the Special Committee also made a closing statement.

#### III. Conclusions and recommendations

- 22. Members of the Special Committee participating in the seminar recalled the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, contained in General Assembly resolution 1514 (XV), and the role of the Special Committee to examine the application of the Declaration, to make suggestions and recommendations on the progress in, and extent of, the implementation of the Declaration, and to report to the General Assembly.
- 23. Participating members of the Special Committee reaffirmed the continuing relevance of the conclusions and recommendations of previous seminars.
- 24. In addition, pursuant to rule 9 of the rules of procedure of the seminar (A/AC.109/2015/17\*, annex), participating members of the Special Committee will present the conclusions and recommendations of the seminar to the Committee at its substantive session in June 2015.

# Caribbean Regional Seminar, Managua, Nicaragua (19 – 21 May 2015)

#### List of participants

#### Members of the Special Committee

Ecuador (Chair) Xavier Lasso Mendoza<sup>1</sup>

Diego Morejón José Eduardo Proaño<sup>1</sup>

Chile José Antonio Cousiño

China Wei Zonglei

Cuba Oscar León González<sup>1</sup>

Ethiopia Dawit Yirga Woldegerima<sup>1</sup>

Indonesia Indah Nuria Savitri<sup>1</sup>

Iran (Islamic Republic of) Hossein Maleki<sup>1</sup>

Nicaragua Miguel D'Escoto

María Rubiales de Chamorro

Jaime Hermida Castillo Rubén Berrios

Juan Damau
Patricia Bajana

Papua New Guinea Fred Sarufa

Russian Federation Alexander A. Volgarev<sup>1</sup>

Syrian Arab Republic Bashar Ja'afari<sup>1</sup>

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) Rafael Darío Ramírez

Carreño

Zael Alexis Fernandez

Rivera Jose Arrue Ansonith Alvano

#### States Members of the United Nations

Algeria Sofiane Mimouni

Hadi Ali

Zaina Benhabouche

Argentina Gerardo Díaz Bartolome

Gonzalo S. Mazzeo

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Member of the official delegation of the Special Committee.

Australia

Peta McDougall

Costa Rica

Rebeca Díaz Calderón

El Salvador

Morena Iris Bustamante

Guatemala

Diego Israel Girón Rodas

Mexico

Miguel Díaz Reynoso Gilberto Velarde Meixueiro

Morocco

Abderrahman Leibek

Omar Kadiri

Khaddad El Moussaoui

Spain

Rafael Garranzo García Carlos Blasco Bernáldez José Miguel Bello Villarino

**Administering Powers** 

France

Antoine Joly

United Kingdom of Great Britain

and Northern Ireland

Chris Campbell

**Non-Self-Governing Territories** 

American Samoa

Talauega Eleasalo Ale

Mauga Tasi

Falkland Islands (Malvinas)2

Phyllis Rendell

Gibraltar

Joseph Bossano Albert Poggio

Guam

Edward A. Alvarez

New Caledonia

Jean-Louis D'Anglebermes

François Bockel Marjorie Ehnyimane

Saint Helena

Pamela Ward Pearce

Turks and Caicos

Conrad Howell

Western Sahara

Mohamed Yeslem Beisat

Deich

Sueliman Tieb

Mayra Luisa Sandoval

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A dispute exists between the Governments of Argentina and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland concerning sovereignty over the Falkland Islands (Malvinas).

#### **United Nations Funds and Programmes**

United Nations Development Programme

Silvia Rucks Tamara Delgado Glomara Iglesias

#### Organizations of the United Nations system

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean

Dale Alexander

#### Experts

Alejandro Betts

Michael Lujan Bevacqua

Sergei Cherniavsky

Peter Clegg

Mickael Forrest

Daniel Manfred Malcolm

Wilma E. Reveron-Collazo

Roch Wamytan

**Edward Paul Wolfers** 

# Resolution expressing appreciation to the Government and the people of Nicaragua

The participants in the Caribbean regional seminar,

Having met from 19 to 21 May 2015, in Managua, Nicaragua, to consider the challenges and opportunities in the process of decolonization in today's world,

Having heard an important statement at the opening of the Seminar by His Excellency Padre Miguel D'Escoto, former President of the United Nations General Assembly at its 63<sup>rd</sup> session and Adviser to the President of the Republic of Nicaragua, His Excellency Commandante Daniel Ortega Saavedra.

Taking note of the important statements by the representatives of the Non-Self-Governing Territories,

Express their profound gratitude to the Government and people of Nicaragua for providing the Special Committee with the necessary facilities for this seminar, for the outstanding contribution they have made to the success of the seminar and, in particular, for the very generous and kind hospitality and the warm and cordial reception accorded to the participants throughout their stay in Managua.